Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended

Local Unit of Gov	County						
☐County	⊠City	□Twp	□Village	Other	Local Unit Name City of New B	altimore, Michigan	Macomb
Fiscal Year End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submitted to State	
June 30, 2007		October 2, 2007			November 20, 2007		
We affirm that:							

We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the

Mana	agem	ent L	Letter (report of comments and recommendations).
	YES	9 N	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)
1.	×		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.
2.		×	There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.
3.	×		The local unit is in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury.
4.	×		The local unit has adopted a budget for all required funds.
5.	×		A public hearing on the budget was held in accordance with State statute.
6.	×		The local unit has not violated the Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, or other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division.
7.	×		The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
8.	×		The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.
9.	×		The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).
10.	×		There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that has not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.
11.	×		The local unit is free of repeated comments from previous years.
12.	×		The audit opinion is UNQUALIFIED.
13.	×		The local unit has complied with GASB 34 or GASB 34 as modified by MCGAA Statement #7 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
14.	×		The board or council approves all invoices prior to payment as required by charter or statute.
15.	×	П	To our knowledge, bank reconciliations that were reviewed were performed timely.

If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.

We have enclosed the following:		ed Not Require	Not Required (enter a brief justification)					
Financial Statements								
The letter of Comments and Recommendations								
Other (Describe)								
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)			Telephone Number					
Rehmann Robson			248-952-5000					
Street Address			City	State	Zip			
5750 New King Street, Ste. 200		Troy	MI	48098				
Authorizing CPA Signature Thomas Darling, CPA Digitally signed by Thomas Darling, CPA ON: cn=Thomas Darling, CPA, csUS, o=Retmann Robson, enail-addring@retmanc.com Date: 2007.11.21 07.13.38 -05000		Printed Name		License N	License Number			
		Thomas E. D	arling, CPA	A246550				



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 2, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of New Baltimore, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Baltimore, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of New Baltimore, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Baltimore, Michigan, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2007 on our consideration of the *City of New Baltimore*, *Michigan's* internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis listed in the table of contents on Pages 3 through 13 and the Schedule of Funding Progress on Page 54 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the *City of New Baltimore*, *Michigan's* basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rehmann Lohan

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the *City of New Baltimore, Michigan*, (the "City") we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Financial Highlights

- Total net assets increased \$978,453 as a result of this year's operations. Net assets of our governmental activities increased \$730,513 while business-type activities increased by \$247,940 for the year.
- Total cost of all of the City's programs was \$12,133,844 for the year.
- The General Fund increased fund balance by \$15,317 to \$1,652,303 at year end. Strict control of expenditures allowed transfers of \$487,341 into the Public Improvement Fund.
- The City had a net increase for investment in capital assets of \$5,249,500 including contributed streets from subdivisions and purchases of land, vehicles and equipment.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements.</u> The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash* flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include

Management's Discussion and Analysis

legislative, general government, public safety, public works, highways and streets, building and planning, culture and recreation, and other functions. The business-type activities of the City include water distribution and sanitary sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of New Baltimore itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate downtown development authority, local development financing authority, and an economic development corporation, all of which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements.</u> A *Fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

1. **Governmental funds.** are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund which is considered to be the City's only major fund. Data from the other eighteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements after the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets for the General and special revenues funds.

2. **Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and storm water drainage operations. *Internal Service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its equipment, public service and retiree health care activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The water, sewer and storm water funds are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

3. <u>Fiduciary funds</u>. The Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

<u>Notes to the financial statements.</u> The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u>. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This is limited to a schedule concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of New Baltimore, assets exceeded liabilities by \$58,857,101 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (73%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of New Baltimore's Net Assets

	Governi Activ		Business Activi		Total			
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Current and other assets	\$ 8,528,165	\$ 8,235,244	\$ 9,837,283	\$ 9,955,821	\$ 18,365,448	\$ 18,191,065		
Capital assets, net	22,307,880	22,645,954	39,666,794	34,079,220	61,974,674	56,725,174		
Total assets	30,836,045	30,881,198	49,504,077	44,035,041	80,340,122	74,916,239		
Current liabilities	924,978	997,597	1,622,981	1,280,870	2,547,959	2,278,467		
Noncurrent liabilities	18,892,241	19,595,288	42,821	54,608	18,935,062	19,649,896		
Total liabilities	19,817,219	20,592,885	1,665,802	1,335,478	21,483,021	21,928,363		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,557,880	3,237,954	39,666,794	34,079,220	43,224,674	37,317,174		
Restricted assets	4,706,564	4,583,074	2,328,942	7,879,017	7,035,506	12,462,091		
Unrestricted	2,754,382	2,467,285	5,842,539	5,632,098	8,596,921	8,099,383		
Total net assets	\$ 11,018,826	\$ 10,288,313	\$ 47,838,275	\$ 47,590,335	\$ 58,857,101	\$ 57,878,648		

An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$7,035,506 or 12% represents resources that are subject to external or code restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets*, \$8,596,921 or 15%, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The City's net assets increased by \$978,453 during the current fiscal year.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$730,514. Governmental Key elements of this are as follows:

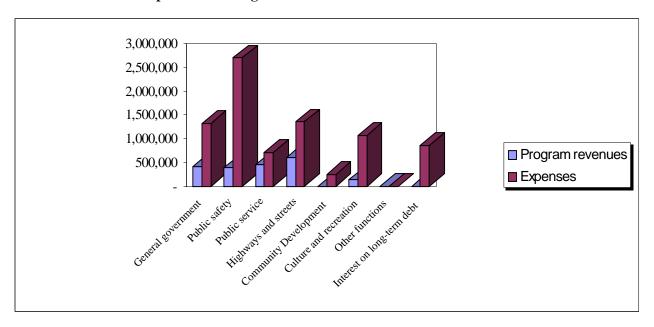
CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN Management's Discussion and Analysis

City of New Baltimore's Changes in Net Assets

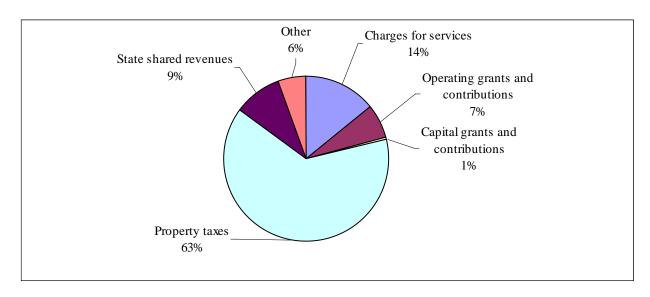
	Governi Activ			ss-Type vities	Total		
Revenue:	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,311,271	\$ 1,254,720	\$ 2,814,553	\$ 2,776,438	\$ 4,125,824	\$ 4,031,158	
Operating grants and contributions	628,826	719,231	-	-	628,826	719,231	
Capital grants and contributions	46,404	-	518,541	35,642	564,945	35,642	
General revenues:						-	
Property taxes	5,907,560	5,836,384	-	-	5,907,560	5,836,384	
State shared revenue	856,874	927,006	-	-	856,874	927,006	
Other	525,425	365,029	502,843	662,339	1,028,268	1,027,368	
Total revenues	9,276,360	9,102,370	3,835,937	3,474,419	13,112,297	12,576,789	
Expenses:							
General government	1,465,266	1,320,542	-	-	1,465,266	1,320,542	
Public safety	2,912,127	2,702,954	-	-	2,912,127	2,702,954	
Public works	764,252	712,985	-	-	764,252	712,985	
Highways and streets	1,379,274	1,352,259	-	-	1,379,274	1,352,259	
Community development	229,468	248,357	-	-	229,468	248,357	
Culture and recreation	1,091,951	1,068,696	-	-	1,091,951	1,068,696	
Interest on long-term debt	851,152	858,248	-	-	851,152	858,248	
Water	-	-	1,516,456	1,372,361	1,516,456	1,372,361	
Sewer	-	-	1,470,063	1,510,300	1,470,063	1,510,300	
Storm water	-	-	453,835	214,144	453,835	214,144	
Total expenses	8,693,490	8,264,041	3,440,354	3,096,805	12,133,844	11,360,846	
Increase in net assets before transfers	582,870	838,329	395,583	377,614	978,453	1,215,943	
Transfers	147,643	(1,347)	(147,643)	1,347			
Increase in net assets	730,513	836,982	247,940	378,961	978,453	1,215,943	
Net assets-beginning	10,288,313	9,451,331	47,590,335	47,211,374	57,878,648	56,662,705	
Net assets-ending	\$ 11,018,826	\$10,288,313	\$ 47,838,275	\$47,590,335	\$58,857,101	\$57,878,648	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



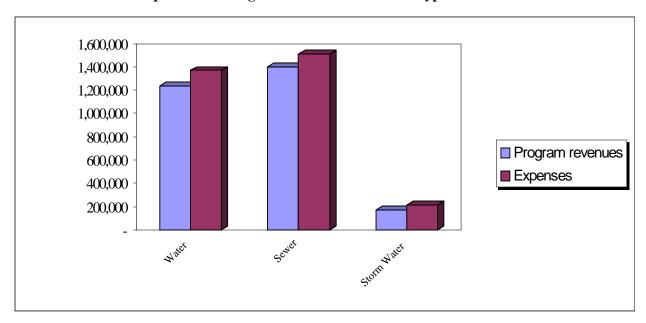
Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



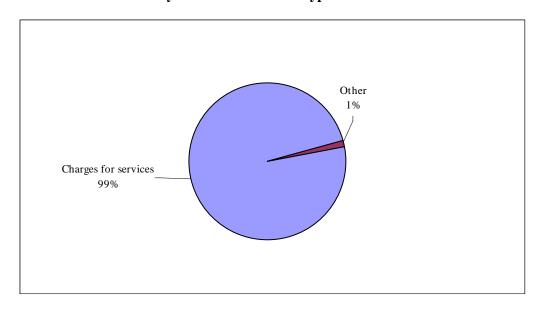
Management's Discussion and Analysis

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$247,940.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Sources – Business-Type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of the City's *governmental funds is* to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,309,687 for an increase of \$89,630 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 92% of this total amount, or \$5,793,756 constitutes *unreserved*, *undesignated* fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to other purposes.

Major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, *unreserved* fund balance of the general fund was \$1,616,364, while total fund balance was \$1,652,303 at year end. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 28.7% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 29.4% of the same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$15,317 during the current fiscal year. This is attributable primarily to increases in property tax revenues, charges for services and increased state revenue sharing due to the 2004 special census population increase. Strict control over expenditures was also a contributing factor.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$5,123,925 while unrestricted net assets of the Storm Water Fund amounted to \$236,115 at year end. The Water Fund decreased net assets by \$48,907 and the Sewer Fund increased net assets by \$710,222 during the current fiscal year. The Storm Water Fund decreased in net assets in the amount of \$429,145 during the current fiscal year. Major factors concerning the activities of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities above.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were substantial. The increase in budgeted revenues of \$248,387 and increase in budgeted expenditures of \$204,387 can be briefly summarized as follows:

- An increase in state revenue sharing due to the 2004 Special Census added \$230,220 to total revenues. Increases in investment earnings and charges for services accounted for most of the other increases.
- The Police and Fire department budgets were increased a total of \$111,200 due to added police overtime and supply costs.
- Minor adjustments to the Council, Elections, Clerks Office, Planning and Engineering budgets contributed to the increased amended budget expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2007, amounted to \$61,974,675 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles and equipment, and roads, highways, and other infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$5,249,500 or 9% which represents decreases in governmental activities of \$338,074 or .05%, and an increase in business-type activities of \$5,587,574 or 9%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The Water Plant construction project.
- Vehicle and equipment purchases.
- Contributed streets and the associated land.
- Other land and building additions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

City of New Baltimore's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental		Business-Type			
	Activities		Activities			Total
Land	\$	4,687,953	\$	1,039,105		\$ 5,727,058
Construction in process		-		13,315,641		13,315,641
Land improvements		403,259		91,800		495,059
Buildings and improvements		521,470		7,035,946		7,557,416
Vehicles and equipment		600,351		376,609		976,960
Library books		118,779		-		118,779
Infrastructure and systems		15,976,068		17,807,693		33,783,761
Total	\$	22,307,880	\$	39,666,794		\$ 61,974,674

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$18,750,000. Debt consists of general obligation bonds which are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and special assessment bonds in which the City is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment. Outstanding obligations as of the end of the fiscal year are as follow:

City of New Baltimore's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,750,000	\$ -	\$ 18,750,000

The City's total debt decreased by \$469,000 during the current fiscal year. The total decrease in debt was attributable to the City's governmental activities.

Additional information concerning the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2006-07 fiscal year:

- Increase in property tax revenue due to community growth and property appreciation.
- An increase in state shared revenues due to the special census of 2004.
- Contractual wage increases, an increase in pension contributions and rising health care costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of New Baltimore's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk, 36535 Green Street, New Baltimore, Michigan 48047.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2007

	Government Activities	al		siness-type Activities	Total	Co	Component Units	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,416,9	71	\$	4,520,634	\$ 8,937,605	\$	688,286	
Investments	3,987,0	11		1,021,742	5,008,753		_	
Receivables (net)	512,7	07		747,128	1,259,835		1,614	
Internal balances	(790,3	65)		790,365	-		_	
Inventory	23,9	82		73,112	97,094		_	
Prepaid items and other assets	377,8	59		124,385	502,244		_	
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		2,559,917	2,559,917		_	
Capital assets:								
Assets not being depreciated	4,687,9	53		14,354,746	19,042,699		_	
Assets being depreciated, net	17,619,9	27_		25,312,048	42,931,975		285,414	
Total assets	30,836,0	45	49,504,077		80,340,122		975,314	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	215,9	21		1,609,967	1,825,888		-	
Accrued liabilities	507,7	52		13,014	520,766		3,284	
Unearned revenue	201,3	05		· -	201,305		_	
Noncurrent liabilities:	ŕ				,			
Due within one year	425,0	00		-	425,000		19,530	
Due in more than one year	18,467,2	41_		42,821	18,510,062		62,537	
Total liabilities	19,817,2	19		1,665,802	21,483,021		85,351	
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt	3,557,8	80		39,666,794	43,224,674		203,347	
Restricted for:								
Debt service	274,8	83		-	274,883		_	
Highways and streets	894,5	57		_	894,557		_	
Public safety	247,9	02		_	247,902		_	
Recreation and culture	758,3	70		_	758,370		_	
Perpetual care:								
Unexpendable	Unexpendable 200,000		-		200,000		-	
Other purposes	•		2,328,942		4,659,794		-	
Unrestricted	2,754,3	82		5,842,539	8,596,921		686,616	
Total net assets	\$ 11,018,8	26	\$	47,838,275	\$ 58,857,101	\$	889,963	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Program Revenues								
				0	perating		Capital		
			Charges	-	rants and		rants and	Ne	et (Expense)
Functions / Programs	 Expenses	fo	r Services	Cor	<u>tributions</u>	Cor	<u>itributions</u>		Revenue
Primary government									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 1,465,266	\$	433,468	\$	6,053	\$	-	\$	(1,025,745)
Public safety	2,912,127		291,517		10,234		-		(2,610,376)
Public works	764,252		459,030		-		-		(305,222)
Highways and streets	1,379,274		26,520		577,988		46,404		(728,362)
Community and economic									
development	229,468		-		-		-		(229,468)
Recreation and culture	1,091,951		100,736		34,551		-		(956,664)
Interest on long-term debt	 851,152								(851,152)
Total governmental activities	 8,693,490		1,311,271		628,826		46,404		(6,706,989)
Business-type activities									
Water	1,516,456		1,151,561		-		36,000		(328,895)
Sewer	1,470,063		1,507,491		_		482,541		519,969
Storm water	453,835		155,501		_		_		(298,334)
Total business-type activities	3,440,354		2,814,553		-		518,541		(107,260)
Total primary government	\$ 12,133,844	\$	4,125,824	\$	628,826	\$	564,945	\$	(6,814,249)
Component units Downtown development									
authority	\$ 64,185	\$		\$		\$		\$	(64,185)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental	Business-type		Component		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units		
Changes in net assets						
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (6,706,989)	\$ (107,260)	\$ (6,814,249)	\$ (64,185)		
General revenues:						
Property taxes	4,160,222	-	4,160,222	156,381		
Property taxes for debt service	1,177,698	-	1,177,698	-		
Property taxes for library	569,640	-	569,640	-		
State shared revenue	856,874	-	856,874	-		
Unrestricted investment earnings	510,829	500,943	1,011,772	22,137		
Insurance recoveries	947	1,900	2,847	-		
Gain from sale of fixed assets	5,101	-	5,101	-		
Other revenue	8,548	-	8,548	77,250		
Transfers - internal activities	147,643	(147,643)				
Total general revenues						
and transfers	7,437,502	355,200	7,792,702	255,768		
Change in net assets	730,513	247,940	978,453	191,583		
Net assets, beginning of year	10,288,313	47,590,335	57,878,648	698,380		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 11,018,826	\$ 47,838,275	\$ 58,857,101	\$ 889,963		

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2007

	General	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 896,163	\$	2,629,196	\$	3,525,359
Investments	1,251,052		2,026,626		3,277,678
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable (net)	122,779		_		122,779
Taxes-delinquent	54,144		16,177		70,321
Interest and dividends	1,229		17,416		18,645
Due from other funds	56,588		_		56,588
Due from other governments	210,947		94,324		305,271
Prepaid expenditures	35,939		5,289		41,228
Total assets	\$2,628,841	\$	4,789,028	\$	7,417,869
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 131,852	\$	46,649	\$	178,501
Due to other funds	-		56,588		56,588
Due to other governments	18,227		4,900		23,127
Accrued liabilities	263,117		7,987		271,104
Deferred revenue	255,476		15,520		270,996
Advances from other funds	307,866		-		307,866
Total liabilities	976,538		131,644		1,108,182
Fund balances					
Reserved for:					
Debt service	-		274,883		274,883
Prepaid expenditures	35,939		5,289		41,228
Perpetual care	-		200,000		200,000
Unreserved, undesignated for:					
General fund	1,616,364		-		1,616,364
Special revenue funds			4,177,212		4,177,212
Total fund balances	1,652,303		4,657,384		6,309,687
Total liabilities					
and fund balances	\$2,628,841	\$	4,789,028	\$	7,417,869

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2007

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	6,309,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets ar different because:	e	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	d	
Add: capital assets Deduct: accumulated depreciation		31,828,093 (10,122,157)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds, and thus a		
Add: deferred revenues		69,691
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage, public service department and retiree health care costs to individual funds. A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included i		
Add: net assets of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service funds		1,689,498
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Add: deferred bond charges		319,695
Deduct: accrued interest		(221,513)
Deduct: current portion of bonds payable		(425,000)
Deduct: bonds payable		(18,325,000)
Deduct: compensated absences		(104,168)
	4	14 040 05 5

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

11,018,826

Net assets of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 4,210,786	\$ 1,747,338	\$ 5,958,124
Licenses and permits	139,230	188,669	327,899
Intergovernmenta	871,400	587,625	1,459,025
Charges for services	846,329	58,986	905,315
Fines and forfeitures	34,035	28,106	62,141
Contributions	-	69,329	69,329
Investment earnings	203,005	213,443	416,448
Other	10,851	14,840	25,691
Total revenues	6,315,636	2,908,336	9,223,972
Expenditures			
Current:			
General governmen	1,514,737	113,208	1,627,945
Public safety	2,666,924	289,763	2,956,687
Public works	708,654	-	708,654
Highways and streets	-	548,045	548,045
Recreation and culture	593,903	456,868	1,050,771
Other functions	130,716	-	130,716
Debt service			
Principal	-	658,000	658,000
Interest and fees	-	817,559	817,559
Capital outlay		647,985	647,985
Total expenditures	5,614,934	3,531,428	9,146,362
Revenues over (under) expenditures	700,702	(623,092)	77,610
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	930,305	930,305
Transfers out	(691,433)	(232,900)	(924,333)
Insurance proceeds	947	-	947
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	5,101		5,101
Total other financing sources (uses)	(685,385)	697,405	12,020
Net change in fund balances	15,317	74,313	89,630
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,636,986	4,583,071	6,220,057
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,652,303	\$ 4,657,384	\$ 6,309,687

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	89,630
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Add: capital outlay		873,099
Deduct: depreciation expense	((1,129,004)
Deduct. depreciation expense	,	1,122,004)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year. Deduct: net difference in deferred revenue	Ī	(50,564)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but		
Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities		658,000
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment, public service department and retiree health care costs to individual funds. The net revenue attributable to those funds are reported with governmental activities in		
Add: net operating income from governmental activities in the internal service funds		54,327
Add: net transfers reported in the internal service funds		141,671
Add: non-operating revenues reported in the internal service funds		94,381
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.		
Deduct: increase in accrued interest expense		(33,587)
Add: decrease in the accrual for compensated absences		32,560
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	730,513

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Pudgot	od An	aounts		Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Budgeto Original	eu An	Final	Actual		Negative)
	Original		Tillai	Actual		regative)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 4,167,707	\$	4,167,707	\$ 4,210,786	\$	43,079
Licenses and permits	154,778		154,778	139,230		(15,548)
Intergovernmental:						
Federal grants	-		_	6,308		6,308
State grants	635,484		865,704	865,092		(612)
Charges for services	744,304		762,471	846,329		83,858
Fines and forfeitures	57,350		57,350	34,035		(23,315)
Investment earnings	60,000		60,000	203,005		143,005
Other	18,806		18,806	10,851		(7,955)
Total revenues	5,838,429		6,086,816	6,315,636		228,820
Expenditures						
General government:						
Council	72,423		78,039	77,857		182
Mayor	173,361		175,340	174,105		1,235
Elections	88,781		94,481	91,324		3,157
Assessor	113,765		113,765	129,812		(16,047)
Attorney	190,000		190,000	131,587		58,413
Clerk	514,616		554,616	561,113		(6,497)
Board of review	1,700		1,700	1,903		(203)
Treasurer	94,838		95,838	91,226		4,612
Building and grounds	118,463		118,463	81,341		37,122
Planning	71,376		83,376	71,865		11,511
Engineering	94,622		94,622	102,604		(7,982)
Total general government	1,533,945		1,600,240	1,514,737		85,503
Public safety:						
Police	2,060,826		2,161,646	2,275,898		(114,252)
Fire	358,818		369,218	381,525		(12,307)
Crossing guards	13,946		13,946	9,501		4,445
Total public safety	2,433,590		2,544,810	2,666,924		(122,114)

Continued.....

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Concluded				
Public works:				
Street lighting	\$ 162,000	\$ 162,000	\$ 162,356	\$ (356)
Sidewalk and trail construction	21,875	21,875	26,868	(4,993)
Rubbish and garbage collection	448,889	448,889	492,543	(43,654)
Community tree program	37,450	42,450	26,887	15,563
Total public works	670,214	675,214	708,654	(33,440)
Recreation and culture:				
Parks and recreation	619,084	640,956	593,903	47,053
Other functions:				
Community promotion	110,974	110,974	130,716	(19,742)
Other expenditures				
Total other expenditures	110,974	110,974	130,716	(19,742)
Total expenditures	5,367,807	5,572,194	5,614,934	(42,740)
Revenues over (under)				
expenditures	470,622	514,622	700,702	186,080
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(414,172)	(458,172)	(691,433)	233,261
Insurance proceeds	-	-	947	947
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			5,101	
Total other financing (uses)	(414,172)	(458,172)	(685,385)	234,208
Net change in fund balances	56,450	56,450	15,317	(41,133)
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,636,986	1,636,986	1,636,986	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,693,436	\$ 1,693,436	\$ 1,652,303	\$ (41,133)

Statement of Net Assets PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2007

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		or Funds	Other Fund		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water	Total	Service Funds
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,042,400	\$ 3,304,455	\$ 173,779	\$ 4,520,634	\$ 891,612
Investments	-	998,907	22,835	1,021,742	709,333
Accounts receivable	251,748	437,400	-	689,148	-
Interest receivable	5,858	12,621	686	19,165	2,341
Due from other funds	-	290,327	-	290,327	-
Due from other governments	-	-	38,815	38,815	(6,650)
Inventories	73,112	-	-	73,112	23,982
Advances to other funds	19,242	-	-	19,242	-
Prepaid expenses	117,386	6,999	-	124,385	16,936
Total current assets	1,509,746	5,050,709	236,115	6,796,570	1,637,554
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,559,917	-	-	2,559,917	-
Advances to other funds	134,691	153,933	-	288,624	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	23,385,877	13,649,810	2,631,107	39,666,794	601,944
Total noncurrent assets	26,080,485	13,803,743	2,631,107	42,515,335	601,944
Total assets	27,590,231	18,854,452	2,867,222	49,311,905	2,239,498
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,556,699	53,268	-	1,609,967	14,293
Due to other funds	290,327	-	-	290,327	-
Accrued liabilities	8,775	4,239	-	13,014	15,135
Total current liabilities	1,855,801	57,507		1,913,308	29,428
Long-term liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	19,611	23,210	-	42,821	38,073
Total liabilities	1,875,412	80,717		1,956,129	67,501
Net Assets					
Investment in capital assets	23,385,877	13,649,810	2,631,107	39,666,794	601,944
Restricted for capital projects	2,328,942	-	-	2,328,942	-
Unrestricted		5,123,925	236,115	5,360,040	1,570,053
Total net assets	\$ 25,714,819	\$ 18,773,735	\$ 2,867,222	47,355,776	\$ 2,171,997
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of related to enterprise funds	internal service fu	nd activities		482,499	
Net assets of business type activities				\$ 47,838,275	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Busin	ınds	Governmental Activities		
	Major	Funds	Other Fund		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water	Total	Service Funds
Operating revenues	ф. 1.14 7 .00с	Ф. 1.400.400	Φ 140.556	ф 2 7 0 < 77 0	Φ 1.250.006
Charges for services	\$ 1,147,806	\$ 1,498,408	\$ 140,556	\$ 2,786,770	\$ 1,258,086
Contributions	2.755	0.002	14.045	- 27.792	158,780
Miscellaneous income	3,755	9,083	14,945	27,783	2,523
Total operating revenues	1,151,561	1,507,491	155,501	2,814,553	1,419,389
Operating expenses					
General and administrative	187,382	221,429	69,980	478,791	-
Plant operation	580,230	564,669	-	1,144,899	-
System network	495,923	232,324	307,233	1,035,480	-
Services	-	-	-	-	1,229,202
Depreciation	260,877	458,027	78,050	796,954	120,090
Total operating expenses	1,524,412	1,476,449	455,263	3,456,124	1,349,292
Operating (loss) income	(372,851)	31,042	(299,762)	(641,571)	70,097
Non-operating revenues					
Interest income	287,944	194,739	18,260	500,943	51,819
Insurance proceeds	-	1,900	-	1,900	-
Appreciation in fair value of investments					42,562
Total non-operating revenues	287,944	196,639	18,260	502,843	94,381
Income before contributions and transfers	(84,907)	227,681	(281,502)	(138,728)	164,478
Intergovernmental capital contributions:					
Federal grants	36,000	-	-	36,000	-
State grant	-	482,541	-	482,541	
Transfers in	-	-	2,357	2,357	141,671
Transfers out			(150,000)	(150,000)	
Change in net assets	(48,907)	710,222	(429,145)	232,170	306,149
Net assets, beginning of year	25,763,726	18,063,513	3,296,367		1,865,848
Net assets, end of year	\$ 25,714,819	\$ 18,773,735	\$ 2,867,222		\$ 2,171,997
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of interrelated to enterprise funds Change in net assets of business-type activities.		etvities		15,770 \$ 247,940	

Statement of Cash Flows PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2007

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Majo	or Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Storm Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers and others Cash received from interfund services	\$ 1,119,985	\$ 1,086,432	\$ 155,501	\$ 2,361,918	\$ - 1,638,656
Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers for	(333,667)	(224,727)	-	(558,394)	(216,800)
goods and services Cash payments for interfund services	(166,563) (139,469)	(770,733) (76,679)	(356,763) (37,680)	(1,294,059) (253,828)	(1,012,714)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	480,286	14,293	(238,942)	255,637	409,142
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Bonds payable	-	-	-	-	-
Advances to other funds Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	9,621	(9,621)	2,357 (150,000)	2,357 (150,000)	- 141,671 -
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	9,621	(9,621)	(147,643)	(147,643)	141,671
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from insurance recoveries Subsidy from intergovernmental grants	(5,762,046) - 36,000	(387,247) 1,900 482,541	(235,235)	(6,384,528) 1,900 518,541	(37,918)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(5,726,046)	97,194	(235,235)	(5,864,087)	(37,918)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from interfund loan payments	5,409,119	1,229,119 19,242	511,511	7,149,749 19,242	87,437 -
Investment income	332,758	208,845	20,580	562,183	94,053
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	5,741,877	1,457,206	532,091	7,731,174	181,490
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	505,738	1,559,072	(89,729)	1,975,081	694,385
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,096,579	1,745,383	263,508	5,105,470	197,227
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,602,317	\$ 3,304,455	\$ 173,779	\$ 7,080,551	\$ 891,612

Continued...

Statement of Cash Flows (Concluded)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities				
Concluded		Major Funds		Other Fund					
		Water		Sewer	Storm Water		Total		nternal vice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities									
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(372,851)	\$	31,042	\$ (299,762)	\$	(641,571)	\$	70,097
Depreciation		260,877		458,027	78,050		796,954		120,090
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable - customers Due from other funds		(48,859) 17,283		(144,682) (276,377)	-		(193,541) (259,094)		233,335
Due to other governments		-		(270,377)	-		(237,074)		6,978
Inventories		(2,821)		-	-		(2,821)		(3,811)
Prepaid items		2,759		(26)	16		2,749		11,718
Accounts payable		379,832		(16,072)	(1,852)		361,908		9,137
Due to other funds		259,977		(21,946)	(15,394)		222,637		(14,068)
Accrued liabilities		(6,395)		(13,402)	-		(19,797)		(11,847)
Accrued compensated absences		(9,516)		(2,271)			(11,787)		(12,487)
Net cash provided (used) by									
operating activities	\$	480,286	\$	14,293	\$ (238,942)	\$	255,637	\$	409,142

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets FUDICIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2007

	Pension Trust
Assets	
Stock mutual funds	\$ 7,823,997
Liabilities Accounts payable	17,500
Net assets	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 7,806,497

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Pension Trust
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer contributions	\$ 348,275
Employee contributions	149,403
Total contributions	497,678
Investment income	
Net appreciation in fair value	809,286
Total additions	1,306,964
Deductions	
Benefits	246,067
Administrative expenses	6,800
Total deductions	252,867
Net increase in plan net assets	1,054,097
Net assets held in trust for	
pension benefits - beginning of yea	6,752,400
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits - end of year	\$ 7,806,497

Combining Statement of Net Assets - Component Units June 30, 2007

	Downtown Development Authority		ent Development		Local Development Financing Authority		 Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	161,320	\$	15,775	\$	511,191	\$ 688,286
Receivables, net Capital assets:		-		-		1,614	1,614
Depreciable, net		285,414		_			 285,414
Total assets		446,734		15,775		512,805	 975,314
Liabilities							
Accrued liabilities		3,284		-		-	3,284
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year		19,530		-		-	19,530
Due in more than one year		62,537					 62,537
Total liabilities		85,351					85,351
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt		203,347		-		-	203,347
Unrestricted		158,036		15,775		512,805	 686,616
Total net assets	\$	361,383	\$	15,775	\$	512,805	\$ 889,963

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Combining Statement of Activities - Component Units

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Downtown Development Authority		Economic Development Corporation		Local Development Financing Authority		Total
Expenses							
Community and economic development	\$	64,185	\$		\$		\$ 64,185
General revenues							
Property taxes		59,695		-		96,686	156,381
Other revenue		77,250		-		-	77,250
Unrestricted investment earnings		420		420		21,297	22,137
Total general revenues		137,365		420		117,983	255,768
Change in net assets		73,180		420		117,983	191,583
Net assets, beginning of year		288,203		15,355		394,822	698,380
Net assets, end of year	\$	361,383	\$	15,775	\$	512,805	\$ 889,963

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1-A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City of New Baltimore, Michigan (the "City" or "government") and its three component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. These discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units all have June 30th year-ends.

Component Unit	Included in the Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements Available
Downtown Development Authority (DDA); corrects and prevents deterioration in the downtown district, encourages historical preservation, and promotes economic growth within the downtown district.	City Mayor and Council approve DDA Board.	Not prepared
Economic Development Corporation (EDC); provides means and methods for the encouragement of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing or improving sites within the City.	City Mayor and Council approve EDC board and annual budget.	Not prepared
Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA); prevents conditions of unemployment and promotes economic growth by providing those public improvements necessary to promote and sustain industrial development within the established district.	City Mayor and Council approve LDFA board and annual budget.	Not prepared

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1-B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements. The statements of net assets and activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution systems.

Sewer fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage disposal and treatment systems.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds. These funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes not including major capital projects.

Debt service funds. These funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the City's long-term obligation bonds of governmental funds.

Permanent funds. These funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the government's programs.

Internal service funds. These funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. These include vehicles and equipment maintenance, the department of public services and the retiree health care funds.

Pension trust fund. This fund accounts for the activities of the City of New Baltimore Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for retirement benefit payments to qualified employees.

Agency fund. This fund account for assets held for other governments in an agency capacity (tax collections).

1-C. Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for agency funds, which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds and internal services funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end or within one year for reimbursement-based grants. Property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases, if any, are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements of the City follow private-sector standards of accounting and financial reported issued prior to December 1, 1989, unless those standards conflict with guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1-D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City maintains separate cash accounts for each of the City's funds and the cash accounts are displayed on the statement of net assets/balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents". The cash resources of the Employees Retirement System are invested separately.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments. The State's Pension Investment Act, as amended, authorizes the pension trust fund, to invest in common stocks, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations.

Investments are stated at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Investments that do not have established market values are reported at estimated fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts, which reasonably approximates fair value.

Unrealized appreciation or depreciation on pension trust fund investments due to changes in fair value are recognized each year.

Receivables and Payables

All trade and delinquent property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, as applicable.

All outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Inventories, Prepaid Items and Other Assets

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Generally, inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual or predefined group cost of more than \$35,000 for infrastructure assets and \$5,000 for all other capital assets with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Land improvements	20-50
Buildings and building improvements	20-50
Public domain infrastructure	20-50
Water and wastewater system infrastructure	50
Vehicles and equipment	5-25
Library books	5

Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and leave time benefits, subject to certain limitations. All sick and leave pay is accrued at 100% in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Fund balance designations represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2-A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end, except for those approved by the City Council for carry forward. The legal level of budgetary control is the activity level for the general fund and fund level for the special revenue funds.

The City Council requires management to submit an estimate of revenues and anticipated expenditures for the succeeding fiscal year in June. Management is then authorized to assign and transfer budget amounts within each fund to the extent that the net total fund appropriation (which the City defines as gross authorized expenditures less related revenues that are specifically designated to fund those activities) is not exceeded. City Council approval is required for any budgetary changes that result in an increase to net appropriations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control during the year. Supplemental appropriations were approved by the City Council in the form of budget amendment resolutions or as part of special authorizing motions for grants, bonds or notes, the total of which was not significant in relation to the original budget appropriation valuation.

2-B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the City incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Final		
GENERAL FUND	Budget	Actual	Variance
General government			
Assessor	\$ 113,765	\$ 129,812	\$ (16,047)
Clerk	554,616	561,113	(6,497)
Board of review	1,700	1,903	(203)
Engineering	94,622	102,604	(7,982)
Public safety			
Police	2,161,646	2,275,898	(114,252)
Fire	369,218	381,525	(12,307)
Public works			
Street lighting	162,000	162,356	(356)
Sidewalk and trail construction	21,875	26,868	(4,993)
Rubbish and garbage collection	448,889	492,543	(43,654)
Other functions			
Community promotion	110,974	130,716	(19,742)
Transfers out	458,172	441,433	(16,739)
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
Cemetery operating fund	56,603	112,921	(112,921)
Building inspection	267,782	287,531	(19,749)
Drug law enforcement	15,000	2,232	(732)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2-C - Deficit Fund Balance

The City carried a deficit in fund balance for the 1996 St. Clair Drive Special Assessment debt service fund in the amount of \$49,180 at June 30, 2007. This fund is included and reported as a nonmajor governmental fund for reporting purposes.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

3-A. Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances. Following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of June 30, 2007:

	Primary Component Government Units			Total	
Statement of Net Assets					_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,934,605	\$688,286	\$	9,622,891
Investments		5,008,753	-		5,008,753
Restricted cash and cash					
equivalents		2,559,917	-		2,559,917
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Investments		7,823,997			7,823,997
Total	\$:	24,327,272	<u>\$688,286</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>25,015,558</u>
Deposits and Investments Bank deposits (checking accounts, Investments in mutual funds and si Cash held by fiscal agent		11,360,118 13,646,216 9,224			
Total				\$	<u>25,015,558</u>

Statutory Authority

The City is authorized by statute to invest surplus funds in the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 2 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, limited to mutual fund securities whose intention is to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through 12/31/97.

The City Council is authorized to designate depositories for City funds, and to determine that the funds are invested in accordance with State of Michigan statutory authority.

The City's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Deposits and investments

The City chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of June 30, 2007 the City had the following investments.

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	<u>Fair Value</u>	Rating
Mutual and money market funds MBIA Michigan CLASS pool	N/A N/A	\$10,348,722 3,297,494	Unrated AAA/V1+
		<u>\$13,646,216</u>	

Investment and deposit risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the above list of authorized investments. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific investment types as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end \$10,975,550 of the City's bank balance of \$11,775,550 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. There is no custodial credit risk on the mutual or money market fund investments, as these investments are uncategorized as to credit risk. There is no custodial credit risk on the MBIA CLASS pool investments because the City is invested in the pool and not the securities that make up the pool.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. The investments listed above represent the City's total investments. All investments held at year end are reported above. Mutual and cash management funds are registered with the SEC. The Michigan Banking Act regulates these bank investment pools. The fair value of the position in the bank investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. The bank investment pools are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Management believes that the investments in these funds comply with the investment authority noted above.

3-B. Receivables

Receivables in the governmental activities are 58.4 percent due from other governments, 23.8 percent accounts receivables, 13.7 percent taxes receivable, and 4.1 percent accrued interest. Business-type activities receivables are 92.2 percent accounts receivable, 5.2 percent due from other governments and 2.6 percent accrued interest.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	<u>Unavailable</u>			Unearned		
Cable franchise fees received	\$	_	\$	146,528		
Inspection and other fees received		-		54,777		
Property taxes receivable	69	9 <u>,691</u>				
Total	\$ 69	9,691	\$	201,305		

3-C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

Primary government

Timery government	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being					
depreciated -					
Land	\$ 4,687,953	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,687,953
Construction in progress	206,967			(206,967)	
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	4,894,920			(206,967)	4,687,953
Capital assets being					
depreciated:					
Land improvements	1,056,699	41,778	-	5,280	1,103,757
Buildings	1,186,450	-	-	-	1,186,450
Vehicles and equipment	2,546,051	141,024	-	-	2,687,075
Library books	300,471	53,337	(87,011)	-	266,797
Infrastructure	22,527,741	674,882		201,687	23,404,310
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	27,617,412	911,021	(87,011)	206,967	28,648,389
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(651,889)	(48,213)	-	(396)	(700,498)
Buildings	(639,563)	(25,417)	-	-	(664,980)
Vehicles and equipment	(1,925,571)	(161,153)	-	-	(2,086,724)
Library books	(171,788)	(63,241)	87,011	-	(148,018)
Infrastructure	(6,477,568)	(951,070)		396	(7,428,242)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(9,866,379)	(1,249,094)	87,011		(11,028,462)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	17,751,033	(338,073)		206,967	17,619,927
Governmental activities					·
capital assets, net	<u>\$22,645,953</u>	<u>\$ (338,073)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$22,307,880</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 1,039,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,039,105
Construction in progress	7,553,595	5,762,046		13,315,641
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,592,700	5,762,046	<u> </u>	14,354,746
Capital assets, not being depreciated -				
Land improvements	412,000	-	-	412,000
Buildings	12,279,689	622,478	-	12,902,167
Equipment	640,126	-	-	640,126
Infrastructure	25,557,941			25,557,941
Total capital assets being depreciated	38,889,756	622,478		39,512,234
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(313,500)	(6,700)	-	(320,200)
Buildings	(5,620,948)	(245,273)	-	(5,866,221)
Equipment	(234,674)	(28,843)	-	(263,517)
Infrastructure	(7,234,110)	(516,138)		(7,750,248)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,403,232)	(796,954)		(14,200,186)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	25,486,524	(174,476)		25,312,048
Business-type activities capital assets,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	
net	<u>\$34,079,224</u>	<u>\$ 5,587,570</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$39,666,794</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities		
General government	\$	36,678
Public safety		60,394
Public works		3,618
Highways and streets	9	951,071
Recreation and culture		87,252
Capital assets held by the government's internal service		
funds are charged to the various functions based on their		
usage of the assets		110,081
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$1,2</u>	<u> 249,094</u>
Business-type activities		
Water fund	\$ 2	260,877
Sewer fund	2	458,027
Storm Water fund		78,050
	<u>\$</u>	<u>796,954</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Discretely presented component units

Activity for the Downtown Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated for Infrastructure	\$ 460,345	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 460,345
Less accumulated depreciation for Infrastructure	(156,517)	(18,414)		(174,931)
Component unit activity capital assets, net	<u>\$ 303,828</u>	<u>\$ (18,414</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 285,414</u>

3-D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Transfers and Advances

At June 30, 2007, the following schedule reports receivables and payables within the reporting entity.

	Due From			
Due to		n-Major ernmental	Water	<u>Total</u>
General Fund Sewer	\$	56,588 <u>-</u>	\$ - 	\$ 56,588 290,327
Total	<u>\$</u>	56,588	<u>\$ 290,327</u>	<u>\$ 346,915</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and service are provided, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Water and Sewer funds each advanced the General fund proceeds for the purchase of a new fire truck during the 2000 fiscal year. The terms of the advance call for semi-annual payments of \$9,621 for each advance, plus interest at a rate of 1% over the applicable Consumer Price Index (CPI). The advances will be fully matured in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The following amounts are currently outstanding:

Advanced from	Advanced to <u>General Fund</u>
Water fund Sewer fund	\$ 153,933
Total	<u>\$ 307,866</u>

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the year then ended, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfer In			
Transfer Out	Non-Major Governmental	Non-Major <u>Enterprise</u>	Internal Service	Total
General fund Non-major	\$ 549,762	\$ -	\$ 141,671	\$ 691,433
governmental Non-major	230,543	2,357	-	232,900
enterprise	150,000			150,000
Total	<u>\$ 930,305</u>	<u>\$ 2,357</u>	<u>\$ 141,671</u>	<u>\$1,074,333</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3-E. Long-term Debt

General obligation bonds. The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years for the items listed below for the primary government was \$19,995,000 to finance the repair and/or reconstruction of infrastructure assets of the City.

General Obligations Bonds	Interest Rate	 Amount
Governmental activities		
1999 unlimited tax obligations	4.0% - 5.5%	\$ 1,450,000
2001 unlimited tax obligations	4.0% - 6.0%	2,550,000
2002 unlimited tax obligations	4.0% - 5.1%	925,000
2004 water plant bond	3.0% - 4.7%	8,925,000
2005 water plant bond	3.05% - 4.35%	 4,900,000
Total governmental activities		\$ 18,750,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Governmental Activities				
Years	Principal Interest			
2008	\$ 425,000	\$ 791,281		
2009	500,000	774,956		
2010	575,000	755,631		
2011	625,000	733,381		
2012	675,000	708,575		
2013-2017	4,150,000	3,090,975		
2018-2022	4,800,000	2,104,375		
2022-2027	4,000,000	1,155,631		
2028-2030	3,000,000	211,700		
	<u>\$ 18,750,000</u>	\$ 10,326,505		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Component Unit. During prior fiscal years, the Downtown Development Authority secured a loan in the amount of \$189,772 with a fixed interest rate of 4.260% for defeasance of outstanding tax increment revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 5.5%. The transaction resulted in a reduction of future cash flows by \$35,386.

Annual debt service requirements on the component unit loan is as follows:

Component Unit					
Year	_P	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2008	\$	19,530	\$	4,245	
2009		21,066		2,709	
2010		22,849		1,791	
2011		18,622			
	<u>\$</u>	82,067	<u>\$</u>	8,745	

Changes in Long-Term Debt. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government					
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$19,150,000	\$ -	\$ (400,000)	\$18,750,000	\$ 425,000
Special assessment bonds	258,000	-	(258,000)	-	-
Accrued compensated					
absences	187,288		(45,047)	142,241	
Total governmental					
activities	<u>\$19,595,288</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (703,047)</u>	<u>\$18,892,241</u>	<u>\$ 425,000</u>
Business-type activities:					
Accrued compensated	4 7 1 5 0 0	4	. (11 =0=)	4.001	
absences	<u>\$ 54,608</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (11,787)	\$ 42,821	\$ -
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 54,608</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (11,787)</u>	<u>\$ 42,821</u>	<u>\$</u>
Component Units: Bond defeasance bank					
loan	<u>\$ 101,373</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (19,306)</u>	<u>\$ 82,067</u>	<u>\$ 19,530</u>

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

4-A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries and illnesses of employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the Michigan Municipal League sponsored self-insurance/public entity risk pool for general liability and property insurance; and the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund. The City pays annual premiums to the respective pools that is based on City's experience rating. The agreements for the formation of the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Fund and the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation fund provide that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of limitations imposed by the pool.

General Liability and Property. The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Fund provides coverage of up to \$10 million per occurrence for general, public officials, law enforcement and automobile claims. Property coverage is by classification ranging between \$19 thousand to \$21 million in claims with a deductible of one thousand dollars.

Workers' Compensation. The Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund provides coverage of all claims incurred up to a maximum of \$500 thousand per occurrence.

Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for either fund in any of the past three years. As such, no accrual for incurred but not reported claims has been established. The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Fund and the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund have published their own financial reports, which can be obtained by contacting the management of each pool.

4-B. Property Taxes

The government's property taxes are levied each July 1st on the taxable valuation of property located in the City as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest if paid in full by September 15th. As of March 1st of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are sold to and collected by Macomb County. Assessed values, as established annually by the government and subject to acceptance by the County, are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. The taxable value of real and personal property in the City for the 2006 levy, including industrial facilities was \$437,432,722. The government's general operating tax rate for fiscal year 2006-07 was 9.8299 mills with an additional 1.3446 mills for the library, and 2.7210 for various City debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Property taxes for the DDA (Downtown Development Authority) are derived from tax increment financing agreements with the various applicable taxing authorities. Under these arrangements, the DDA receives the property taxes levied on the increment of current taxable values over the base year values on those properties located within the established tax increment financing district.

Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied.

4-C. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and potential adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

The City has entered into construction contract commitments with Barton Malow Company for the construction of the City's water plant. Total contract awarded amounted to \$12,655,391 of which the City has paid or retained \$11,872,317 as of fiscal year end.

4-D. Benefits

New Baltimore Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

The City of New Baltimore Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City that covers all full-time municipal employees. The requirements of the State Constitution and the City Charter assign the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan to the Board of Trustees. A separate financial statement of the Plan has not been issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of New Baltimore Retirement System financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 13.23% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements of the plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. Administrative costs of the system are financed through investment earnings.

Membership of the retirement system consisted of the following at June 30, 2006, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Total	<u>01</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits Active and inactive members	22 61

Annual Pension Cost

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the City of New Baltimore Employee's Retirement System for the current year were as follows:

Net pension obligation, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	
Increase in net pension obligation	-
Contribution made	(348,275)
Annual required contribution/pension cost	\$ 348,275
A	¢ 240.075

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-Year Trend Information			
Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
June 30, 2005	\$ 362,440	100%	\$ -
June 30, 2006	364,977	100%	-
June 30, 2007	348,275	100%	-
Actuarial Methods and A	Assumptions		
Valuation Date		June 30	, 2006
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry age n	ormal cost
Amortization method		Level percen	t of payroll
Remaining Amortization	n Period	9 - 3	80*
Assets Valuation Metho Smoothed Market Actuarial Assumptions:	d	4 ye	ars
Investment Rate of Re	eturn	7.0	%
Additional Projected	Salary increase	5.0 - 8	3.0%
Assumed payroll grov	wth	5.0	%
Cost of Living Adjust	ment	N/.	A

^{*} Combined liability is being amortized over a period of 17 years, with 9 years remaining. Gains and losses are being amortized over a perpetual 10 years. Liabilities created by a plan amendment are amortized over a 30-year basis from the date established, with 30 years remaining.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City also provides postemployment health care benefits, as per the requirements of certain agreements and union contracts for certain retirees and their dependents. The City currently has 7 retirees participating in the plan. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insured health care plan, with a 25% contribution required from retirees. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare, with no contribution required from the retiree and a 25% contribution from dependents. The City maintains an internal service Retiree Health Care Fund to accumulate, invest and purchase insurance premiums for retirees. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due. During the current fiscal year, expenditures amounted to \$101,684. Benefits under the Plan are administered under a third party agreement with Blue Cross Blue Shield of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Michigan. The Mayor and City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

At June 30, 2006, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, participants in the plan consisted of:

Retired members and beneficiaries:

Total	15
Age 65 and over	
Under age 65	8

The June 30, 2006 actuarial valuation identified the required employer contribution rate as 12.15% to 22.16% of covered payroll, depending on the assumption set (optimistic, intermediate or pessimistic). During the current fiscal year, City and employee contributions totaled \$135,673 and \$19,107, respectively.

The benefit obligation represents the actuarial present value of those estimated future benefits that are attributed to employee service rendered to June 30. Postretirement benefits include future benefits expected to be paid to or for (1) currently retired or terminated employees and dependents (as defined by the Plan) and (2) active employees and their beneficiaries and dependents after retirement from service. Prior to an active employee's full eligibility date, the postretirement benefit obligation is the portion of the expected postretirement benefit obligation that is attributed to that employee's service rendered to the valuation date.

The actuarial present value of the expected postretirement benefit obligation is determined by an actuary and is the amount that results from applying actuarial assumptions to historical insurance premium-cost data to estimate future annual premium costs per participant and to adjust such estimates for the time value of money (through discounts for interest) and the probability of payment (by means of decrements such as those for death, disability, withdrawal, or retirement) between the valuation date and the expected date of payment.

The Plan's unfunded accrued liability was determined as part of an actuarial valuation of the Plan as of June 30, 2006. Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the Plan's unfunded accrued liability included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.0% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 5.0 - 8.0% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, and (c) health care cost increases of 5.0 - 15.0% per year (based on assumption set).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Plan's unfunded accrued liability, which was determined by an actuary, is as follows at June 30, 2006, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	<u>Optimistic</u>	<u>Intermediate</u>	<u>Pessimistic</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries			
Present active members	\$1,409,967	\$1,815,081	\$2,274,060
Value of expected future benefit			
payments	4,810,236	6,531,353	8,621,062
Less: Value of future normal costs	<u>(1,660,966</u>)	<u>2,281,039</u>)	<u>(3,049,741</u>)
Total accrued liability	4,559,237	6,065,395	7,845,381
Valuation assets	(525,022)	(525,022)	(525,022)
Unfunded accrued liability	<u>\$4,034,215</u>	<u>\$5,540,373</u>	<u>\$7,320,359</u>

Net assets available to fund this Plan amount to \$750,783 at June 30, 2007.

* * * * *

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Defined Benefit Pension Trust - New Baltimore Employees Retirement System

Trend Information

Schedule of Funding Progress (in thousands)

			0 0		/	
		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability				UAAL as
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL)	Unfunded	Funded		a % of
Valuation	Value of	Attained	AAL	Ratio	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	Age#	(UAAL)	%	Payroll	Payroll
June 30	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	(c)	((b-a) / c)
2001	\$ 4,625	\$ 5,425	\$ 800	\$ 85.2	\$ 2,108	38.0 %
2002	4,928	5,890	962	83.7	2,300	41.8
2003	5,215	6,517	1,302	80.0	2,525	51.5
2004	5,606	7,043	1,437	79.6	2,555	56.2
2005	6,119	7,924	1,805	77.2	2,672	67.6
2006	6,779	9,727	2,948	69.7	2,808	105.0

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

	Special Revenue							
	Major Streets		Street astruction	Local Streets		etery rating		emetery Land
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 576,914	\$	15,234	\$ 59,798	\$	-	\$	95,175
Investments	-		-	162,567		-		-
Receivables:								
Taxes receivable	-		-	-		-		-
Interest receivable	1,378		-	1,014		-		-
Due from other governments	63,358		-	30,966		-		-
Prepaid expenditures								
Total assets	\$ 641,650	\$	15,234	\$ 254,345	\$		\$	95,175
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	15,234	\$ 1,438	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	-		-	-		-		-
Due to other governments	-		-	-		-		-
Accrued liabilities	-		-	-		-		-
Deferred revenue	-		-	-		-		-
Total liabilities			15,234	1,438		-		-
Fund balance:								
Reserved:								
Debt service	-		-	-		-		-
Prepaids	-		-	-		-		-
Perpetual care	-		-	-		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated	641,650			252,907		-		95,175
Total fund balances	641,650			252,907				95,175
Total liabilities								
and fund balance	\$ 641,650	\$	15,234	\$ 254,345	\$		\$	95,175

	Building		pecial Revenu		Drug Law	Burke
Library	Inspection	<u>In</u>	provement	Ent	orcement	 Estate
\$ 39,073 734,715	\$ 196,952 -	\$	1,241,832 968,488	\$	58,676 -	\$ 1,052 26,356
7,405 2,593	953		8,550		-	62
2,970	2,319		-		- -	 <u>-</u>
\$ 786,756	\$ 200,224	\$	2,218,870	\$	58,676	\$ 27,470
\$ 16,110	\$ 2,905	\$	10,663	\$	74	\$ -
-	4,900		-		-	-
4,868 7,408 28,386	3,119		10,663		- - 74	
20,300	10,724		10,003		74	
-	-		-		-	
2,970	2,319		-		-	-
755,400	- 186,981		2,208,207		58,602	27,470
758,370	189,300		2,208,207		58,602	 27,470
\$ 786,756	\$ 200,224	\$	2,218,870	\$	58,676	\$ 27,470

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds (Concluded) June 30, 2007

	Pe	ermanent Fund	Debt Service			
•	P	St. C Perpetual Sp Care Asse			Drai	778 inage trict
Assets	¢.	206.616	Ф		Ф	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	206,616	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:		-		-		-
Taxes receivable						
Interest receivable		792		_		_
Due from other governments		-		_		_
Prepaid expenditures						
Total assets	\$	207,408	\$		\$	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	- 400	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		7,408	2	49,180		-
Due to other governments Accrued liabilities		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		-
Total liabilities		7,408		49,180		
Fund balance						
Reserved:						
Debt service		-				-
Prepaids		-		-		-
Perpetual care		200,000		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated				49,180)		
Total fund balances (deficit)		200,000	(2	49,180)		
Total liabilities	ф.	205 400	d.		.	
and fund balance	\$	207,408	\$	-	\$	

-		α	•
1)4	₽ht	Ser	rvice

Uı	1999 nlimited Tax	Uı	2001 Unlimited Tax		2002 Unlimited Tax		2005 Unlimited Tax		Total
\$	656	\$	1,038	\$	620	\$	135,560	\$ 2	,629,196
	52,000		44,500		38,000		-	2	,026,626
	2,684		3,268		1,647		1,173		16,177
	446		322		348		958		17,416
	-		-		-		-		94,324
									5,289
\$	55,786	\$	49,128	\$	40,615	\$	137,691	\$ 4	,789,028
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	225	\$	46,649
	-		-		-		-		56,588
	-		-		-		-		4,900
	-		-		-		-		7,987
	2,685		3,269		985		1,173		15,520
	2,685		3,269		985		1,398		131,644
	53,101		45,859		39,630		136,293		274,883
	-		-		-		-		5,289
	-		-		-		-		200,000
	-				_				,177,212
	53,101		45,859		39,630		136,293	4	,657,384
ф	EE 707	ф	40 120	ø	40 (15	ø	127 (01	6 4	700 020
\$	55,786	\$	49,128	\$	40,615	\$	137,691	5 4	,789,028

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Spe	cial Revenue	
	Major Streets	Street Reconstruction	Local Ceme on Streets Opera	
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
State grants and reimbursements	388,533	-	189,455	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	14,830
Fines and forfeitures Contributions	-	46.404	-	-
Investment earnings	32,657	46,404 4,720	4,656	34
Other	32,037	4,720	4,030	2,425
Total revenues	421,190	51,124	194,111	17,289
	421,170	31,124	174,111	17,207
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	113,208
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	208,185	110,781	229,079	-
Recreation and culture	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	432,461	-	56,343
• •	200.105			
Total expenditures	208,185	543,242	229,079	169,551
Revenues over (under) expenditures	213,005	(492,118)	(34,968)	(152,262)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	214,394	92,634	135,936
Transfers out	(92,634)	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(92,634)	214,394	92,634	135,936
Net change in fund balances	120,371	(277,724)	57,666	(16,326)
Fund balances, beginning of year	521,279	277,724	195,241	16,326
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 641,650	\$ -	\$ 252,907	\$ -

		S	pecial Revenue		
Cemetery Land	Library	Building Inspection	Public Improvement	Drug Law <u>Enforcement</u>	Burke Estate
\$ -	\$ 569,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	188,669	-	=	=
-	9,637	-	-	-	-
-	4,891	32,865	-	-	-
-	6,585	5,994	-	15,527	-
-	22,925	-	-	-	-
3,333	42,562	9,490	79,851	2,030	1,368
	8,815		3,600		
3,333	665,055	237,018	83,451	17,557	1,368
- -	- -	287,531	- -	2,232	- -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	456,868	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	53,610		105,571		
	510,478	287,531	105,571	2,232	
3,333	154,577	(50,513)	(22,120)	15,325	1,368
_	_	_	487,341	_	_
_	-	-	(121,812)	-	-
-			365,529		
3,333	154,577	(50,513)	343,409	15,325	1,368
91,842	603,793	239,813	1,864,798	43,277	26,102
\$ 95,175	\$ 758,370	\$ 189,300	\$ 2,208,207	\$ 58,602	\$ 27,470

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Permaner Fund	nt	Debt Service 1996 St. Clair Dr. 1978 Special Drainag Assessment District			e
	Perpetua Care	.1				978 ainage
Revenues	Ф		Ф		ф	4
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4
Licenses and permits		-		-		-
State grants and reimbursements	- 10	-		-		-
Charges for services	6,40)()		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-
Contributions	0.40	_		-		-
Investment earnings	9,69	97		1,305		14
Other		_				
Total revenues	16,09	7_		1,305		18
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Highways and streets		-		-		-
Recreation and culture		-		-		-
Debt service:						
Principal		-	25	8,000		-
Interest		-		7,579		-
Capital outlay				_		
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	26	5,579		-
Revenues over (under) expenditures	16,09	7	(26	4,274)		18
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out	(16,09	<u>(7)</u>		_		(2,357)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(16,09	7)				(2,357)
Net change in fund balances		-	(26	4,274)	((2,339)
Fund balances, beginning of year	200,00	00_	21	5,094		2,339
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 200,00	0	\$ (4	9,180)	\$	

				e	Servic	Debt S	Debt		
Total	Tax Tot Tot Tot Tot Tot Tot Tot Tot	2002 nlimited Tax		2001 Inlimited Tax	Uı	1999 nlimited Tax	Uı		
\$ 1,747,33	\$	757,011	\$	76,762	\$	216,286	\$	127,635	\$
188,66		_		-		-		-	
587,62		_		-		-		-	
58,98		-		-		-		-	
28,10		-		-		-		-	
69,32		-		-		-		-	
213,44		9,551		2,343		4,772		5,060	
14,84									
2,908,33		766,562		79,105		221,058		132,695	
113,20		_		_		_		_	
289,76		_		_		_		_	
548,04		_		-		-		-	
456,86		-		-		-		-	
658,00				25,000		100,000		100,000	
817,55		573,962		45,687		122,130		68,201	
647,98									
3,531,42		748,962		70,687		222,130		168,201	
(623,09		17,600		8,418		(1,072)		(35,506)	
930,30		-		_		_		_	
(232,90		_		_		_		_	
697,40									
74,31		17,600		8,418		(1,072)		(35,506)	
4,583,07		118,693		31,212		46,931		88,607	

39,630

136,293

4,657,384

45,859

\$ 53,101

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual MAJOR STREETS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						
State grants and reimbursements	\$ 370,536	\$ 370,536	\$ 388,533	\$ 17,997		
Investment earnings	9,000	9,000	32,657	23,657		
Total revenues	379,536	379,536	421,190	41,654		
Expenditures						
Street maintenance	170,821	170,821	74,696	96,125		
Signs and markings	17,500	17,500	18,692	(1,192)		
Snow removal	98,000	98,000	114,797	(16,797)		
Total expenditures	286,321	286,321	208,185	78,136		
Revenues over (under)						
expenditures	93,215	93,215	213,005	119,790		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out	(92,634)	(92,634)	(92,634)			
Net change in fund balances	581	581	120,371	119,790		
Fund balance, beginning of year	521,279	521,279	521,279			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 521,860	\$ 521,860	\$ 641,650	\$ 119,790		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual STREET RECONSTRUCTION Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	F	<u>'inal</u>		Actual	(N	legative)	
Revenues									
Contributions	\$	_	\$	_	\$	46,404	\$	46,404	
Investment earnings	·	10,500		10,500		4,720		(5,780)	
Total revenues	-	10,500		10,500		51,124		40,624	
			-						
Expenditures									
Operating expenditures		75,000		75,000		110,781		(35,781)	
Construction		700,000	7	00,000		432,461		267,539	
Total expenditures		775,000	7	75,000		543,242		231,758	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(764,500)	(7	64,500)	((492,118)		272,382	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		150,000	1	50,000		214,394		64,394	
				 		<u> </u>			
Net change in fund balances		(614,500)	(6	14,500)	((277,724)		336,776	
Fund balance, beginning of year		277,724	2	77,724		277,724			
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(336,776)	\$ (3	36,776)	\$		\$	336,776	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual LOCAL STREETS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	ф. 101 10 7	Ф 101 107	Ф. 100 455	Ф 9.260
State grants and reimbursements Charges for services	\$ 181,195	\$ 181,195	\$ 189,455	\$ 8,260
Investment earnings	3,500	3,500	4,656	1,156
Total revenues	184,695	184,695	194,111	9,416
Expenditures				
Street maintenance	118,821	118,821	102,253	16,568
Signs and markings	16,500	16,500	13,040	3,460
Snow removal	160,258	160,258	113,786	46,472
Total expenditures	295,579	295,579	229,079	66,500
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(110,884)	(110,884)	(34,968)	75,916
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	92,634	92,634	92,634	
Net change in fund balances	(18,250)	(18,250)	57,666	75,916
Fund balance, beginning of year	195,241	195,241	195,241	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 176,991	\$ 176,991	\$ 252,907	\$ 75,916

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CEMETERY OPERATING

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
	 8					
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 12,000	\$	12,000	\$ 14,830	\$	2,830
Investment earnings	200		200	34		(166)
Other	-			2,425		2,425
Total revenues	12,200		12,200	17,289		5,089
Expenditures						
Operating expenditures	56,630		56,630	113,208		(56,578)
Capital outlay				56,343		(56,343)
Total expenditures	56,630		56,630	169,551		(112,921)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(44,430)		(44,430)	(152,262)		(107,832)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	47,000		104,418	135,936		31,518
Transfers in	 47,000		104,410	133,730		31,310
Net change in fund balances	2,570		59,988	(16,326)		(76,314)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 16,326		16,326	16,326		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 18,896	\$	76,314	\$ -	\$	(76,314)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CEMETERY LAND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 3,333	\$ 1,333		
Fund balance, beginning of year	91,842	91,842	91,842			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 93,842	\$ 93,842	\$ 95,175	\$ 1,333		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual LIBRARY

	Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 560,338	\$ 560,338	\$ 569,640	\$ 9,302
State aid	5,000	5,000	9,637	4,637
Fines and forfeitures	2,575	2,575	6,585	4,010
Charges for services	3,309	3,309	4,891	1,582
Donations	15,656	15,656	22,925	7,269
Interest earnings	13,493	13,493	42,562	29,069
Other	5,376	5,376	8,815	3,439
Total revenues	605,747	605,747	665,055	59,308
Expenditures				
Operating expenditures	539,255	539,255	456,868	82,387
Capital outlay	61,500	61,500	53,610	7,890
Total expenditures	600,755	600,755	510,478	90,277
Net change in fund balances	4,992	4,992	154,577	149,585
Fund balance, beginning of year	603,793	603,793	603,793	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 608,785	\$ 608,785	\$ 758,370	\$ 149,585

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual BUILDING INSPECTION

	Budgeted	Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$ 230,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 188,669	\$ (41,331)		
Charges for services	-	-	32,865	32,865		
Fines and forfeitures	3,000	3,000	5,994	2,994		
Investment earnings	5,000	5,000	9,490	4,490		
Total revenues	238,000	238,000	237,018	(982)		
Expenditures Operating expenditures	267,782	267,782	287,531	(19,749)		
Operating expenditures	201,102	201,182	207,331	(17,747)		
Net change in fund balances	(29,782)	(29,782)	(50,513)	(20,731)		
Fund balance, beginning of year	239,813	239,813	239,813			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 210,031	\$ 210,031	\$ 189,300	\$ (20,731)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT

	Budgeted			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 79,851	\$ 54,851	
Other	·	-	3,600	3,600	
Total revenues	25,000	25,000	83,451	58,451	
Expenditures Capital outlay	245,000	245,000	105,571	139,429	
Сарнагоннау	243,000	243,000	103,371	139,429	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(220,000)	(220,000)	(22,120)	197,880	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	237,341	237,341	487,341	250,000	
Transfers out	-	(57,418)	(121,812)	(64,394)	
Total other financing sources	237,341	179,923	365,529	185,606	
Net change in fund balances	17,341	(40,077)	343,409	383,486	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,864,798	1,864,798	1,864,798		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,882,139	\$ 1,824,721	\$ 2,208,207	\$ 383,486	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT

	 Budgeted riginal	unts Final	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 15,527	\$	12,527
Investment earnings	75	75	2,030		1,955
Total revenues	3,075	3,075	17,557		14,482
Expenditures Operating expenditures	1,500	 1,500	 2,232		(732)
Net change in fund balance	1,575	1,575	15,325		13,750
Fund balance, beginning of year	 43,277	 43,277	 43,277		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 44,852	\$ 44,852	\$ 58,602	\$	13,750

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual BURKE ESTATE

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ 900	\$ 900	\$ 1,368	\$ 468	
Fund balance, beginning of year	26,102	26,102	26,102		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 27,002	\$ 27,002	\$ 27,470	\$ 468	

Combining Statement of Net Assets INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2007

	Equipment	Department of Public Service	Retiree Health Care	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 510,167	\$ 342,507	\$ 38,938	\$ 891,612
Investments	, -	-	709,333	709,333
Interest receivable	2,341	-	-	2,341
Due from other governments	-	(6,978)	328	(6,650)
Inventory	-	23,982	-	23,982
Prepaid expenses	1,668	13,084	2,184	16,936
Total current assets	514,176	372,595	750,783	1,637,554
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	343,537	258,407		601,944
Total assets	857,713	631,002	750,783	2,239,498
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	2,675	11,618	-	14,293
Accrued liabilities	1,427	13,708		15,135
Total current liabilities	4,102	25,326	-	29,428
Long-term liabilities				
Accrued compensated absences	3,289	34,784	_	38,073
Total liabilities	7,391	60,110		67,501
Net Assets				
	343,537	258,407		601,944
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	545,557 506,785	312,485	750,783	1,570,053
		<u> </u>		
Total net assets	\$ 850,322	\$ 570,892	\$750,783	\$2,171,997

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Equipment	Department of Public Service	Retiree Health Care	Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 355,809	\$ 902,277	\$ -	\$ 1,258,086
Employer contributions	-	-	139,673	139,673
Employee contributions	-	-	19,107	19,107
Other revenue		2,523		2,523
Total operating revenues	355,809	904,800	158,780	1,419,389
Operating expenses				
Services	217,013	910,505	101,684	1,229,202
Depreciation	108,015	12,075		120,090
Total operating expenses	325,028	922,580	101,684	1,349,292
Operating income (loss)	30,781	(17,780)	57,096	70,097
Non-operating revenues				
Investment earnings	18,345	1,493	31,981	51,819
Appreciation in fair value				
of investments			42,562	42,562
Total non-operating revenues	18,345	1,493	74,543	94,381
Income (loss) before transfers	49,126	(16,287)	131,639	164,478
Transfers in		141,671		141,671
Change in net assets	49,126	125,384	131,639	306,149
Net assets, beginning of year	801,196	445,508	619,144	1,865,848
Net assets, end of year	\$ 850,322	\$ 570,892	\$ 750,783	\$ 2,171,997

Statement of Cash Flows INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Equipment	of	partment Public Service	H	etiree Iealth Care		Total
Cash flows from operating activities							
Cash received from interfund services	\$ 352,192	\$ 1	1,114,647	\$ 1	71,817	\$ 1	1,638,656
Cash payments to employees	(75,348)		(141,452)		-		(216,800)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(143,080)		(773,852)	(95,782)	()	1,012,714)
Net cash provided by operating activities	133,764		199,343		76,035		409,142
Cash flows from non-capital							
financing activities							
Transfers from other funds			141,671				141,671
Cash flows from capital and related							
financing activities							
Purchase of capital assets	(37,918)		-		-		(37,918)
Cash flows from investing activities							
Purchase of investments	224,739		-	(1	37,302)		87,437
Investment income	18,017		1,493		74,543		94,053
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	242,756		1,493	(62,759)		181,490
Net increase in cash and							
cash equivalents	338,602		342,507		13,276		694,385
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	171,565		-		25,662		197,227
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 510,167	\$	342,507	\$	38,938	\$	891,612
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		·					
net cash provided by operating activities							
Operating income	\$ 30,781	\$	(17,780)	\$	57,096	\$	70,097
Adjustments to reconcile operating income							
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation	108,015		12,075		-		120,090
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Due from other funds	8,215		212,083		13,037		233,335
Due to other governments	-		6,978		-		6,978
Inventory	-		(3,811)		-		(3,811)
Prepaid items	135		5,681		5,902		11,718
Accounts payable	(216)		9,353		-		9,137
Due to other funds	(11,832)		(2,236)		-		(14,068)
Accrued liabilities	(977)		(10,870)		-		(11,847)
Accrued compensated absences	(357)	φ.	(12,130)		-		(12,487)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 133,764	\$	199,343	\$	76,035	\$	409,142

CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2007

		vernmental Fund	Ad	ljustments	Statement of Net Assets		
Assets		_					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	161,320	\$	-	\$	161,320	
Capital assets:							
Depreciable, net				285,414		285,414	
Total assets	\$	161,320		285,414		446,734	
Liabilities							
Accrued liabilities	\$	-		3,284		3,284	
Long-term liabilities							
Due within one year		-		19,530		19,530	
Due after one year				62,537		62,537	
Total Liabilities				85,351		85,351	
Fund Balance/Net Assets							
Undesignated		161,320		(161,320)		-	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	161,320					
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt				203,347		203,347	
Unrestricted				158,036		158,036	
Total net assets			\$	361,383	\$	361,383	

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Statement of Activities and

Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

	 ernmental Fund	Ad	justments	Statement of Activities
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 59,695	\$	-	\$ 59,695
Other revenues	77,250		-	77,250
Investment earnings	420			420
Total revenues	137,365			137,365
Expenditures / Expenses				
Principal	19,306		(19,306)	-
Interest	4,470		-	4,470
Depreciation	-		18,414	18,414
Other	 41,301			41,301
Total expenditures / expenses	65,077		(892)	64,185
Net change in fund balance/net assets	72,288		892	73,180
Beginning fund balance/net assets	 89,032		199,171	288,203
Ending fund balance/net assets	\$ 161,320	\$	200,063	\$ 361,383

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

Fund balance - Downtown Development Authority	\$ 161,320
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add: capital assets	460,345
Deduct: accumulated depreciation	(174,931)
Certain liabilities, such as notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct: notes payable	(82,067)
Deduct: accrued interest	(3,284)
Net assets of component unit	\$ 361,383

CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities	19,306
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. Deduct: depreciation expense	(18,414)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - component unit	\$ 72,288

CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund Adjustments			Statement of Net Assets		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,775	\$		\$	15,775
Fund Balance/Net Assets Undesignated	\$	15,775		(15,775)		
Net Assets Unrestricted			\$	15,775	\$	15,775

CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	 ernmental Fund	Adjus	tments	atement of ctivities
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ 420	\$	-	\$ 420
Beginning fund balance/net assets	 15,355			 15,355
Ending fund balance/net assets	\$ 15,775	\$		\$ 15,775

CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY

Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 511,191	\$ -	\$ 511,191
Interest receivable	1,614		1,614
Total assets	\$ 512,805		512,805
Fund Balance/Net Assets			
Undesignated	\$ 512,805	(512,805)	
Net Assets			
Unrestricted		512,805	512,805
Total net assets		\$ 512,805	\$ 512,805

CITY OF NEW BALTIMORE, MICHIGAN LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund		_Adjus	tments_	Statement of Activities		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	96,686	\$	-	\$	96,686	
Investment earnings		21,297				21,297	
Total revenues		117,983		-		117,983	
Net change in fund balance/ change in net assets		117,983		-		117,983	
Beginning fund balance/net assets		394,822				394,822	
Ending fund balance/net assets	\$	512,805	\$		\$	512,805	

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 2, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor and Council City of New Baltimore, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Baltimore, Michigan (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record,

process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described below to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

Finding 2007-1 – Reconciliation of Liabilities and Deferred Revenues

Criteria: All Michigan governments are required to prepare financial statements

in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is a responsibility of the government's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the

related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting.)

Condition: The City has multiple accrued liabilities and deferred revenue accounts

that appear to have not been reconciled or validated to the underlying

supporting documentation.

Cause: This condition was caused by the City's internal controls over the timely

review and reconciliation of these accounts.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the City may potentially overstate or

understate liabilities and/or deferred revenues in an amount that is more

than inconsequential to the financial statements.

View of Responsible Officials: During the year ended, June 30, 2007, the City began the process of creating internal controls for certain liability and deferred revenue accounts which were finalized and implemented in September 2007.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not consider the significant deficiency above to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the City in a separate letter dated October 2, 2007.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. We did not audit the City's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the board members, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Lohan

October 2, 2007

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of New Baltimore, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of City of New Baltimore for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2007. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated June 14, 2007, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of City of New Baltimore. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of City of New Baltimore's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we advised management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by City of New Baltimore are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by City of New Baltimore during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the original cost and accumulated depreciation of its infrastructure capital assets is based on current replacement costs, and an assumed rate of inflation from the dates of original acquisition/construction. We evaluated the key factors assumptions used to develop the original cost and accumulated depreciation of the City's infrastructure capital assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable fixed assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of those assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Audit Adjustments

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define an audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on City of New Baltimore's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or unrecorded by City of New Baltimore, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on City of New Baltimore's financial reporting process.

In addition, the attached schedule summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as City of New Baltimore's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

This letter and the accompanying memorandum are intended for the use of the Governing Body, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Rehmann Johann

City of New Baltimore

Comments and Recommendations

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of City of New Baltimore (**the "City"**) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the **City**'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the **City**'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the **City**'s internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider certain deficiencies, as described in our "Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards" dated October 2, 2007, to be significant deficiencies in internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Other Matters

A - New Auditing Standards for Upcoming Year

In March 2006, the Auditing Standards Board issued eight auditing standards, collectively referred to as the *risk assessment standards*. These new standards are effective for audits of financial statements for periods beginning on or after December 15, 2006.. Most auditors believe that the changes caused by the new risk assessment standards are the most significant in recent history.

Overall, the new standards should increase the effectiveness of financial statement audits. In applying the risk assessment standards, auditors explicitly consider higher areas by focusing on what is most likely to go

City of New Baltimore

Comments and Recommendations

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

wrong that could affect the financial statements. Auditors assess the risk that the financial statements are materially misstated and design and perform audit procedures to respond to those identified risks. In performing audits under the new standards, auditors and clients may find that they may need to spend more time (at least in the year of adoption) documenting their understanding of internal control systems for each significant area and financial statement assertion as it relates to what could go wrong from a financial reporting focus, mitigating controls, and determining if those controls have been implemented.

Recommendation:

We would recommend that the City begin defining the significant areas and accounting cycles related to financial reporting, identifying "what could go wrong" scenarios and the controls that the City has in place to mitigate the impact related to each financial statement assertion.

We of course are willing and able to provide guidance and assistance in developing these new internal control models at any level of involvement as the City determines.

We believe that the City will benefit by having a working model to easily access the City's strengths and areas of improvement over internal controls, a physical resource to demonstrate the City's resolve and commitment to good financial reporting and fiscal responsibility, and a proactive approach to help mitigate the rising costs of audit services due to increasing standards and regulations.